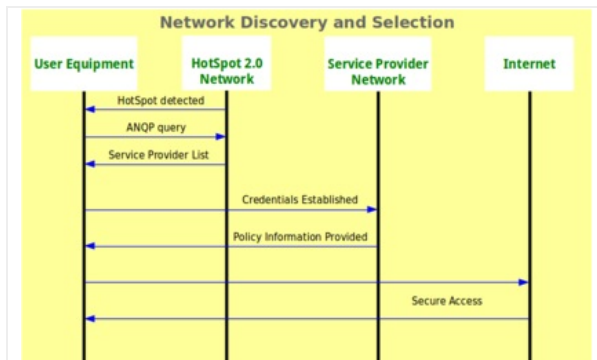
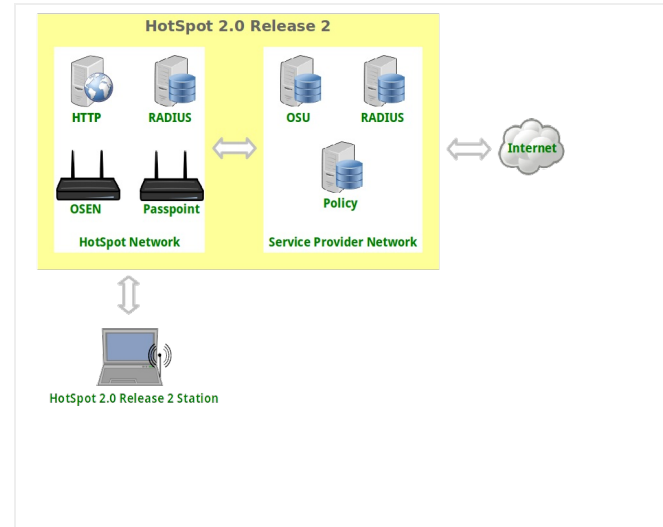


## LANforge WiFi testing HotSpot 2.0 Release 2

**Goal:** Setup HotSpot 2.0 Release 2 Example

Requires LANforge 5.4.2 or later on Fedora 20 or later (this example is using Fedora 27). VRF must be enabled (it is enabled by default). One LANforge system will be used as the AP side, and a second LANforge machine will be the WiFi station.

- Run LANforge install script to begin setup of HotSpot 2.0 R2 related servers and certificates.
- Configure the **OSU Server-only authenticated layer-2 Encryption Network (OSEN) AP** and **Passpoint AP**.
- Initiate **Online Sign-Up (OSU)** procedure, select a provider and obtain an IP address from the Passpoint AP.
- Send traffic through the Service Provider Network.



For more information see:

WiFi Alliance Passpoint Release 2 Deployment Guidelines

<https://www.wi-fi.org/file/passpoint-release-2-deployment-guidelines>

1. Run LANforge installation script to begin hostapd RADIUS, certificates and HotSpot 2.0 setup, as root user:

```
cd /home/lanforge
./lf_kinstall.pl --do_radius --do_hs20 --force_new_certs
```

2. Make two copies of the `ca.pem` certificate to different directories:

```
cp /home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ca.pem /home/lanforge/osu-ca.pem
cp /home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ca.pem /home/lanforge/ota-ca.pem
#On station machine, if different from AP machine
cp /home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ca.pem /home/lanforge/wifi/osu_wlan2/osu-ca.pem
```

ota-ca.pem is used by the client for Over-The-Air authentication to the OSEN AP

osu-ca.pem is used by the client for the Online-Sign-Up server authentication before connecting to the Passpoint AP

Copy the `ca.pem` from the LANforge AP system to the LANforge Station system. And, if you are using a third-party client, then you will need to somehow install the `ca.pem` on it.

3. Create two MAC-VLANs for two hostapd RADIUS server instances.

A. Go to the Port Manager tab, select eth1, select Create, select MAC-VLAN, quantity 2 then Apply.

B. Double-click each new MAC-VLAN interface in the Port-Mgr tab to modify. Select the RADIUS checkbox which will allow a hostapd based RADIUS server on the interfaces using the config files: `/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#0.conf` and `/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#1.conf`

In an all-in-one example, the hostapd RADIUS servers will be referenced by localhost and each MAC-VLAN interface will not need an IP address assigned. If the hostapd RADIUS servers were on different systems or networks, or need to be accessed from outside the LANforge system, the appropriate IP address would be assigned here.

- C. Create config file. You will need to change the server\_id to match your hostname.

```
/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#0.conf for the hostapd RADIUS server on eth1#0.
```

**NOTE:** The eap\_user\_file, eap\_sim\_db and radius\_server\_auth\_port are unique for each RADIUS server.

```
interface=eth1#0
driver=wired
logger_syslog=-1
logger_syslog_level=2
logger_stdout=-1
logger_stdout_level=2
dump_file=/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#0.dump
ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd
ctrl_interface_group=0
ieee8021x=1
eapol_key_index_workaround=0
eap_server=1
eap_user_file=/home/lanforge/hs20/AS/hostapd-osen.eap_user
server_id=ct523-3n-f20
eap_sim_db=unix:/tmp/hlr_auc_gw.sock
radius_server_auth_port=1820
radius_server_clients=/home/lanforge/hs20/AS/hostapd.radius_clients

ca_cert=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ca.pem
server_cert=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/server.pem
private_key=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/server.key
private_key_passwd=lanforge

ocsp_stapling_response=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ocsp-server-cache.der
```

- D. Create config file. You will need to change the server\_id to match your hostname.

```
/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#1.conf for the hostapd RADIUS server on eth1#1.
```

**NOTE:** The eap\_user\_file, eap\_sim\_db and radius\_server\_auth\_port are unique for each RADIUS server.

```
interface=eth1#1
driver=wired
logger_syslog=-1
logger_syslog_level=2
logger_stdout=-1
logger_stdout_level=2
dump_file=/home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_eth1#1.dump
ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd
ctrl_interface_group=0
ieee8021x=1
eapol_key_index_workaround=0
eap_server=1
eap_user_file=sqlite:/home/lanforge/hs20/AS/DB/eap_user.db
server_id=ct523-3n-f20
eap_sim_db=unix:/tmp/hlr_auc_gw.sock db=/home/lanforge/hs20/AS/DB/eap_sim.db
radius_server_auth_port=1821
radius_server_clients=/home/lanforge/hs20/AS/hostapd.radius_clients

ca_cert=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ca.pem
server_cert=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/server.pem
private_key=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/server.key
private_key_passwd=lanforge

ocsp_stapling_response=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ocsp-server-cache.der
```

- E. Start the hlr\_auc\_gw tool:

```
cd /home/lanforge
. lanforge.profile
hlr_auc_gw -m /etc/hlr_auc_gw.milenage_db > /tmp/hlr_auc_gw.log &
```

**NOTE:** If the hlr\_auc\_gw does not start, you may have to remove the file /tmp/hlr\_auc\_gw.sock first.

- F. Reset the MAC-VLAN interfaces on the Port Mgr tab so that the new hostapd RADIUS servers are started. Check that they are running with the command:

```
ps auxwww |grep hostapd_eth
```

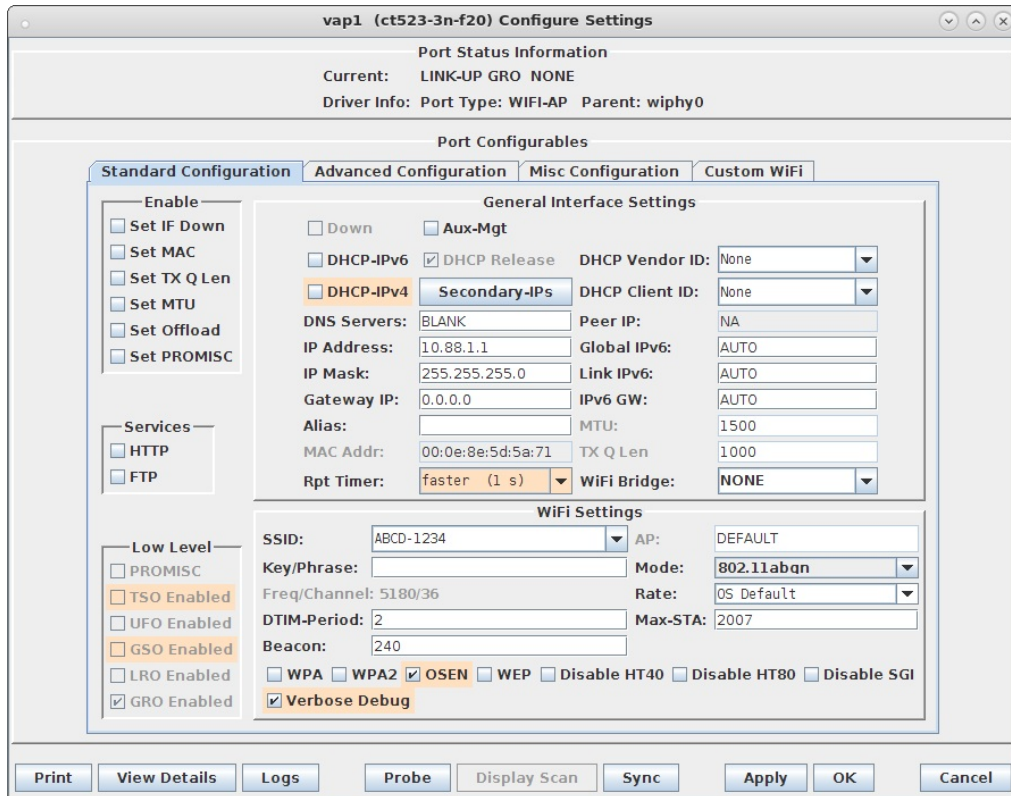
If they are not running, check the log files for problems:

```
cat /home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_log_eth1#0.txt
cat /home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_log_eth1#1.txt
```

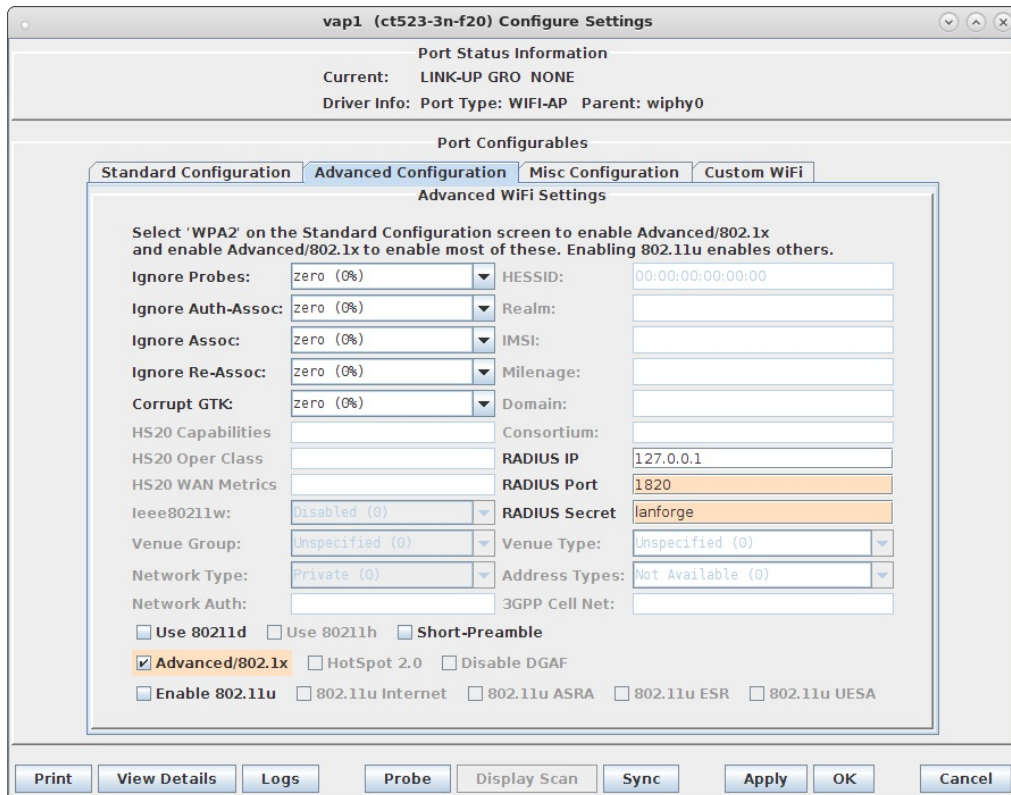
4. Create two VAPs for the HotSpot 2.0 Release 2 Network. Skip this section if you are using third-party APs in this test.

- A. Go to the Port Mgr tab and create one VAP on wiphy0 and one VAP on wiphy1.

B. Modify the first VAP on wiphy0 to be the **OSEN** AP. Configure IP Address and SSID.

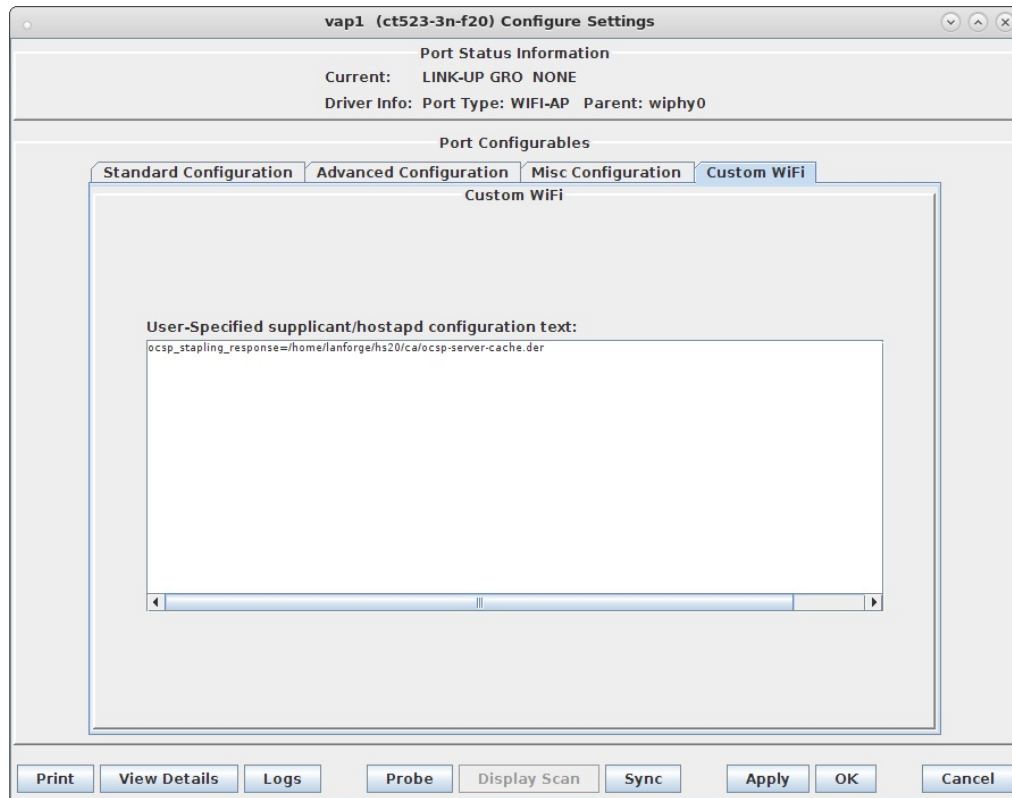


C. Select the **Advanced Configuration** tab in the Port-Modify window to configure 802.1x and RADIUS server information.

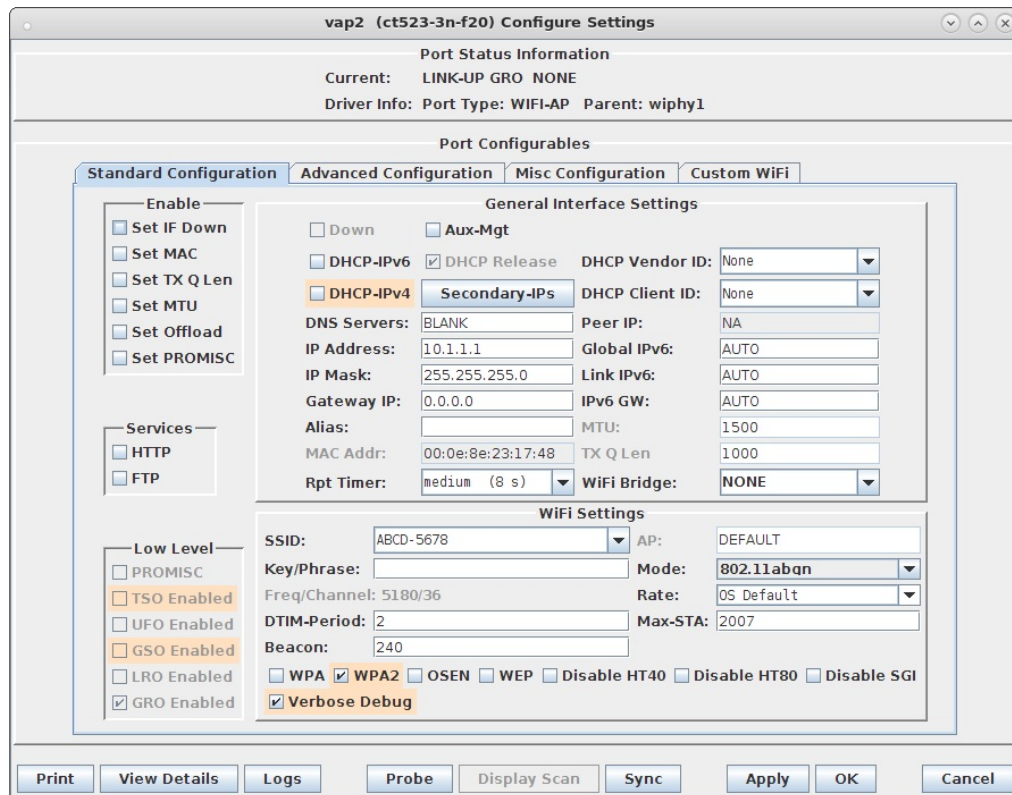


D. Select the **Custom WiFi** tab to add the following lines for HotSpot 2.0 Release 2.

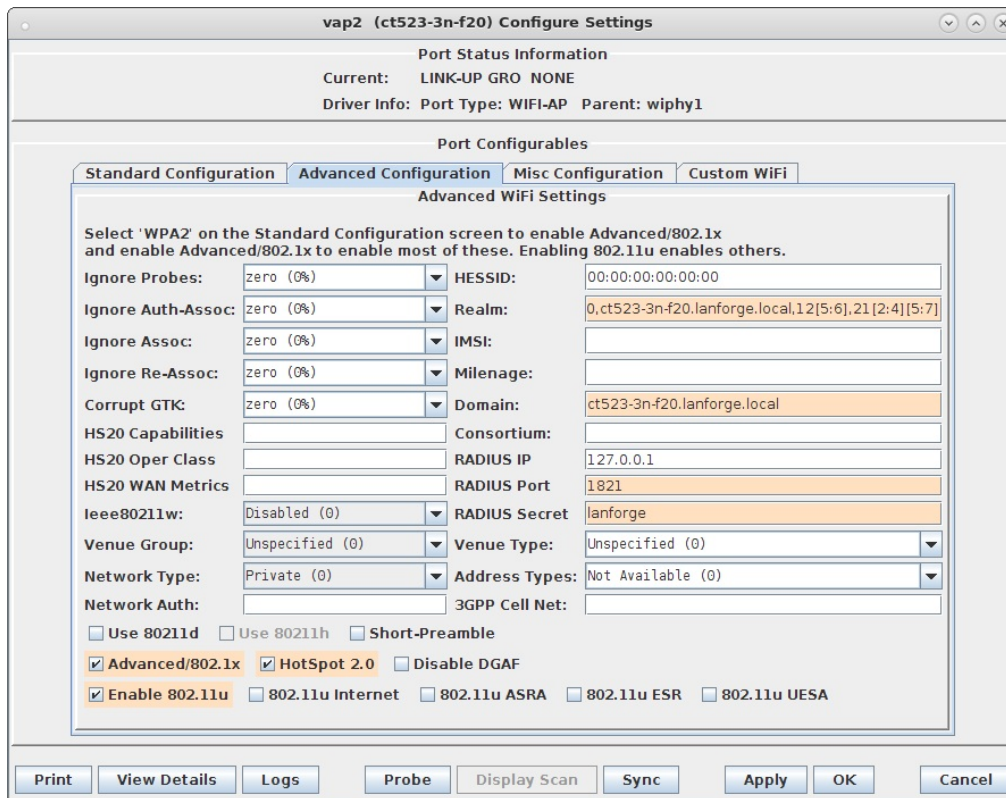
```
ocsp_stapling_response=/home/lanforge/hs20/ca/ocsp-server-cache.der
```



E. Modify the second VAP on wiphy1 to be the **Passpoint** AP. Configure IP Address and SSID.



- F. Select the **Advanced Configuration** tab in the Port-Modify window to configure 802.1x, 802.1u, HotSpot 2.0, RADIUS server and other information.

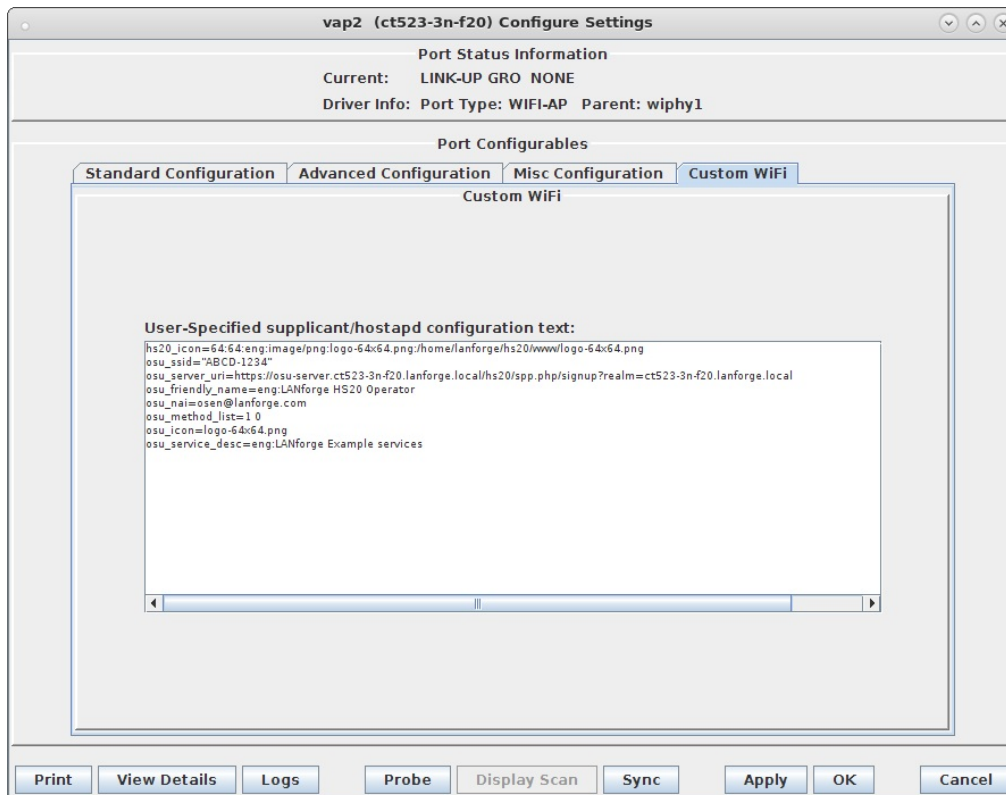


- G. Select the **Custom WiFi** tab to add the following lines for HotSpot 2.0 Release 2. The hostname in the URL will need to match your actual hostname.

```

hs20_icon=64:64:eng:image/png:logo-64x64.png:/home/lanforge/hs20/www/logo-64x64.png
osu_ssid="ABCD-1234"
osu_server_uri=https://osu-server.ct523-3n-f20.lanforge.local/hs20/spp.php/signup?realm=ct523-3n-f20.lanforge.local
osu_friendly_name=eng:LANforge HS20 Operator
osu_nai=osen@lanforge.com
osu_method_list=1 0
osu_icon=logo-64x64.png
osu_service_desc=eng:LANforge Example services

```



- H. Example `hostapd` config file for OSEN AP  
 Example `hostapd` config file for WPA2 + ANQP AP. These were re-created after the fact, its possible that there is a typo, and the hostname differs from the instructions in this example.

- I. Modify wiphy0 and wiphy1 to be on the same channel and select OK. This should only be needed if you are trying to connect multiple LANforge virtual stations to the APs. If using a single station or a third-party device, the channels should not matter.

**wiphy0 (ct523-3n-f20) Configure Settings**

Port Status Information  
Current: LINK-DOWN NONE  
Driver Info: Port Type: WIFI-Radio Driver: ath9k0 Bus:

Port Configurables

Enable

- Set IF Down
- Set MAC
- Set TX Q Len
- Set MTU
- Set Offload
- Set PROMISC

General Interface Settings

Down  Aux-Mgt

DHCP-IPv6  DHCP Release DHCP Vendor ID: None

DHCP-IPv4 **Secondary-IPs** DHCP Client ID: None

DNS Servers: BLANK Peer IP: NA

IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Global IPv6: AUTO

IP Mask: 0.0.0.0 Link IPv6: AUTO

Gateway IP: 0.0.0.0 IPv6 GW: AUTO

Alias: MTU: 1500

MAC Addr: 00:0e:8e:43:3a:71 TX Q Len: 0

Rpt Timer: medium (8 s) WiFi Bridge: NONE

WiFi Settings

Max-VIFs: 2048 Max-Stations: 2048 Max-APs: 8 Supports: 802.11abgn

Country: United States (840)

Channel/Freq: 36 (5180 Mhz)

Antenna: All Tx-Power: DEFAULT

RTS: DEFAULT Frag: 2346

Verbose Debug

Print View Details Logs Probe Sync Apply OK Cancel

**wiphy1 (ct523-3n-f20) Configure Settings**

Port Status Information  
Current: LINK-DOWN NONE  
Driver Info: Port Type: WIFI-Radio Driver: ath9k0 Bus:

Port Configurables

Enable

- Set IF Down
- Set MAC
- Set TX Q Len
- Set MTU
- Set Offload
- Set PROMISC

General Interface Settings

Down  Aux-Mgt

DHCP-IPv6  DHCP Release DHCP Vendor ID: None

DHCP-IPv4 **Secondary-IPs** DHCP Client ID: None

DNS Servers: BLANK Peer IP: NA

IP Address: 0.0.0.0 Global IPv6: AUTO

IP Mask: 0.0.0.0 Link IPv6: AUTO

Gateway IP: 0.0.0.0 IPv6 GW: AUTO

Alias: MTU: 1500

MAC Addr: 00:0e:8e:43:37:48 TX Q Len: 0

Rpt Timer: medium (8 s) WiFi Bridge: NONE

WiFi Settings

Max-VIFs: 2048 Max-Stations: 2048 Max-APs: 8 Supports: 802.11abgn

Country: United States (840)

Channel/Freq: 36 (5180 Mhz)

Antenna: All Tx-Power: DEFAULT

RTS: DEFAULT Frag: 2346

Verbose Debug

Print View Details Logs Probe Sync Apply OK Cancel

- J. In NetSmith, create a Virtual router called OSEN for vap1 and PASSPOINT for vap2, place vap in their respective virtual routers. Setup each VAP with DHCP Service on different IP networks.

**Create/Modify Connection**

Port 1-A: 10 (vap1)

Port 1-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

WanLink:  Skip <Auto Create New WanLink>

Port 2-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

Port 2-A:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

DHCP Lease Time: 43200

DHCP DNS: 10.88.1.1

DHCP Range Min: 10.88.1.101

DHCP Range Max: 10.88.1.250

DHCP Domain:

DHCPv6 DNS:

DHCPv6 Range Min:

DHCPv6 Range Max:

DHCPd Config File:

Interface-Cost: 1

RIP-Metric: 1

OSPF Area: 0.0.0.0

VRRP IP: 0.0.0.0/24

VRRP ID: 1

VRRP Priority: 100

VRRP Interval: 1

Next-Hop: 0.0.0.0

Subnets (a.b.c.d/xx):

Next-Hop-IPv6:

IPv6 Subnets (aaa::0/xx):

NAT  DHCP  DHCPv6  Custom DHCP  VRRP  Cand-RP

OK Cancel

**Create/Modify Connection**

Port 1-A: 11 (vap2)

Port 1-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

WanLink:  Skip <Auto Create New WanLink>

Port 2-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

Port 2-A:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

DHCP Lease Time: 43200

DHCP DNS: 10.1.1.1

DHCP Range Min: 10.1.1.11

DHCP Range Max: 10.1.1.100

DHCP Domain:

DHCPv6 DNS:

DHCPv6 Range Min:

DHCPv6 Range Max:

DHCPd Config File:

Interface-Cost: 1

RIP-Metric: 1

OSPF Area: 0.0.0.0

VRRP IP: 0.0.0.0/24

VRRP ID: 1

VRRP Priority: 100

VRRP Interval: 1

Next-Hop: 0.0.0.0

Subnets (a.b.c.d/xx):

Next-Hop-IPv6:

IPv6 Subnets (aaa::0/xx):

NAT  DHCP  DHCPv6  Custom DHCP  VRRP  Cand-RP

OK Cancel

- K. Check that the VAP hostapd processes are running with the command:

```
ps auxww |grep hostapd_vap
```

If they are not running, check the log files for problems:

```
tail -f /home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_log_vap1.txt
tail -f /home/lanforge/wifi/hostapd_log_vap2.txt
```



- L. Create another virtual router to tie the OSEN and AP virtual routers together. Connect them with Netsmith connections (skipping WanLinks unless you are sure you want them.) Create another virtual port connection to run the OSCP responder and the local DNS server. Select the 'DNS' service. Make sure the default gateway points back towards rddVR4 in the virtual router. In this example, the OSCP responder interface is called rddVR5

**rddVR5 (If0350-c3b0) Configure Settings**

Port Status Information  
Current: LINK-UP PROBE-ERROR TSO GSO GRO  
Driver Info: Port Type: Redirect-Device Peer: rddVR4 rddVR4...

Port Configurables

**Enable**

- Set MAC
- Set TX Q Len
- Set MTU
- Set Offload
- Set PROMISC
- Set Rx-All/FCS
- Set Bridge Info

**Services**

- HTTP
- FTP
- DNS
- RADIUS
- IPSEC-Client
- IPsec-Upstream

**General Interface Settings**

- Down
- Aux-Mgt
- DHCP-IPv6
- DHCP-IPv4
- DHCP Release
- DHCP Vendor ID: None
- DHCP Client ID: None
- DNS Servers: BLANK
- Peer IP: NA
- IP Address: 7.1.3.2
- Global IPv6: AUTO
- IP Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Link IPv6: AUTO
- Gateway IP: 7.1.3.1
- IPv6 GW: AUTO
- Alias:
- MTU: 1500
- MAC Addr: ea:bd:b2:80:0b:28
- TX Q Len: 1000
- Br Cost: ignore
- Priority: ignore
- Rpt Timer: medium (8 s)
- WiFi Bridge: NONE
- IPSec GW: 0.0.0.0
- IPSec Password:
- IPSec Local ID.:
- IPSec Remote ID.:

**Port Rates**

- 10bt-HD
- 10bt-FD
- 100bt-HD
- 100bt-FD
- 1000-FD
- 10G-FD
- 40G-FD
- Autonegotiate

Renegotiate  
 Restart Xcvr  
 PROMISC  
 RX-ALL  
 Bypass NOW!  
 Bypass Power-UP  
 Bypass Power-DOWN  
 Bypass Disconnect

**Advert Rates**

- 10bt-HD
- 10bt-FD
- 100bt-HD
- 100bt-FD
- 1000-FD
- 10G-FD
- 40G-FD
- Flow-Control

**Offload**

- TSO Enabled
- UFO Enabled
- GSO Enabled
- LRO Enabled
- GRO Enabled

Print Display Probe Sync Apply OK Cancel

- M. Create a MAC-VLAN on the management port (or use some other port that can reach the internet). Drag this into the top virtual router, and configure Netsmith to use it for the default gateway by setting up the Next Hop and the 0.0.0.0/0 destination. Select NAT as well.

**Create/Modify Connection**

Port 1-A: 3 (eth0#0)

Port 1-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

WanLink:  Skip <Auto Create New WanLink>

Port 2-B:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

Port 2-A:  Skip <Auto Create New Port>

DHCP Lease Time: 43200

DHCP DNS: 0.0.0.0

DHCP Range Min: 0.0.0.0

DHCP Range Max: 0.0.0.0

DHCP Domain:

DHCPv6 DNS:

DHCPv6 Range Min:

DHCPv6 Range Max:

DHCPd Config File:

Interface-Cost: 1

RIP-Metric: 1

OSPF Area: 0.0.0.0

VRRP IP: 0.0.0.0/24

VRRP ID: 1

VRRP Priority: 100

VRRP Interval: 1

Next-Hop: 192.168.100.1

Subnets (a.b.c.d/xx): 0.0.0.0/0

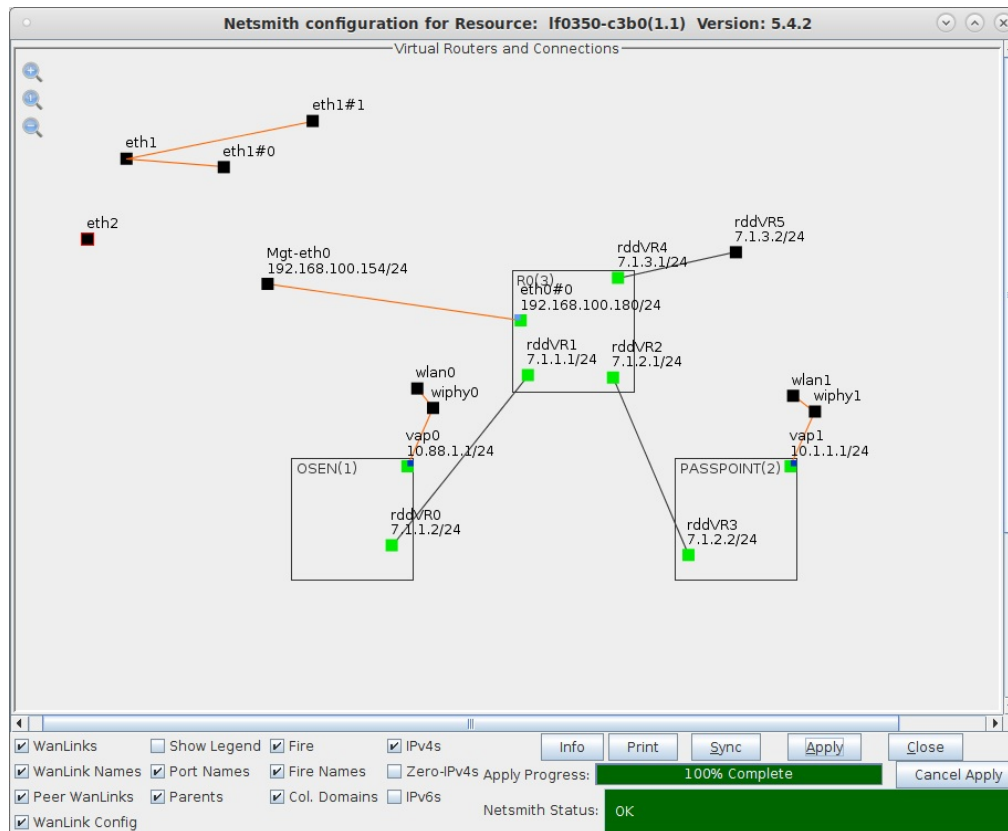
Next-Hop-IPv6:

IPv6 Subnets (aaa::0/xx):

NAT  DHCP  DHCPv6  Custom DHCP  VRRP  Cand-RP

OK Cancel

- N. When the configuration is completed, Netsmith will look something like this. Apply it, wait a minute to let everything settle, and move to the next step



For more information see [WiFi Testing: Configuring a Virtual AP with Limited Stations](#) , [Virtual Router with NAT Cookbook](#) , [Virtual Router with DHCP Cookbook](#)

5. Start services on the AP system. You need to do this each time you re-apply Netsmith.

- A. First, make sure that /etc/hosts on the AP system matches the IP addresses for the vap0, vap1, and the ocspp port (as shown in Netsmith). In this example, I added these rows to /etc/hosts:

```
###LANFORGE-HOSTS-START###
# This section may be over-written by lf_kinstall.pl
127.0.0.1 osu-client.lf0350-c3b0.lanforge.local
10.88.1.1 osu-server.lf0350-c3b0.lanforge.local
127.0.0.1 osu-revoked.lf0350-c3b0.lanforge.local
10.88.1.1 osu-signup.lf0350-c3b0.lanforge.local
7.1.3.2 ocspp.lf0350-c3b0.lanforge.local
###LANFORGE-HOSTS-STOP###

###-LF-HOSTAME-NEXT-###
192.168.100.154 lf0350-c3b0 lanforge-srv
```

- B. Start the **Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP)** script which will restart the OCSP Responder and update the cache once per minute. It is only required on the VAP or server side of a HotSpot 2.0 R2 network. Currently you will need to manually clean up old processes if you are re-doing this step.

```
su - root
cd /home/lanforge
. lanforge.profile
vrf_exec.bash rddVR5 ./ocspp.bash > /dev/null 2>&1 &
```

- C. Start Apache httpd configured for HS20 on the Osen AP. You may need to manually stop old httpd processes.

```
vrf_exec.bash vap0 httpd -f /etc/httpd/conf/httpd-hs20.conf
```

6. This is the start of the Station side configuration. Do these actions on the Station LANforge system.

Create `devinfo.xml` and `devdetail.xml` files in `/home/lanforge/wifi/osu_wlan2`

- A. `/home/lanforge/wifi/osu_wlan2/devinfo.xml`

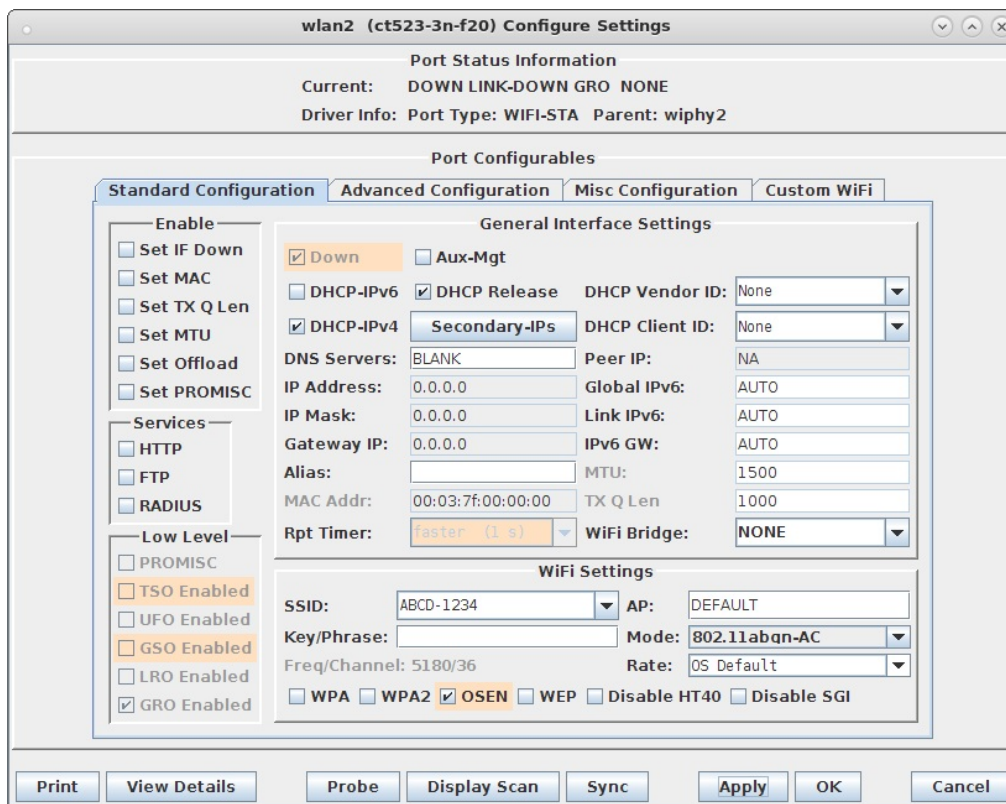
```
<DevInfo xmlns="urn:oma:mo:oma-dm-devinfo:1.0">
  <DevId>urn:Example:HS20-station:123456</DevId>
  <Man>Manufacturer</Man>
  <Mod>HS20-station</Mod>
  <DmV>1.2</DmV>
  <Lang>en</Lang>
</DevInfo>
```

B. /home/lanforge/wifi/osu\_wlan2/devdetail.xml

```
<DevDetail xmlns="urn:oma:mo:oma-dm-devdetail:1.0">
  <Ext>
    <org.wi-fi>
      <Wi-Fi>
        <EAPMethodList>
          <EAPMethod1>
            <EAPType>13</EAPType>
          </EAPMethod1>
          <EAPMethod2>
            <EAPType>21</EAPType>
            <InnerMethod>MS-CHAP-V2</InnerMethod>
          </EAPMethod2>
          <EAPMethod3>
            <EAPType>18</EAPType>
          </EAPMethod3>
          <EAPMethod4>
            <EAPType>23</EAPType>
          </EAPMethod4>
          <EAPMethod5>
            <EAPType>50</EAPType>
          </EAPMethod5>
        </EAPMethodList>
        <ManufacturingCertificate>false</ManufacturingCertificate>
        <Wi-FiMACAddress>020102030405</Wi-FiMACAddress>
        <IMSI>310026000000000</IMSI>
        <IMEI_MEID>imei:490123456789012</IMEI_MEID>
        <ClientTriggerRedirectURI>http://localhost:12345</ClientTriggerRedirectURI>
        <Ops>
          <launchBrowserToURI></launchBrowserToURI>
          <negotiateClientCertTLS></negotiateClientCertTLS>
          <getCertificate></getCertificate>
        </Ops>
      </Wi-Fi>
    </org.wi-fi>
  </Ext>
  <URI>
    <MaxDepth>0</MaxDepth>
    <MaxTotLen>0</MaxTotLen>
    <MaxSegLen>0</MaxSegLen>
  </URI>
  <DevType>MobilePhone</DevType>
  <OEM>Manufacturer</OEM>
  <FwV>1.0</FwV>
  <SwV>1.0</SwV>
  <HwV>1.0</HwV>
  <LrgObj>false</LrgObj>
</DevDetail>
```

7. Setup wlan2 as the HotSpot 2.0 R2 client.

- A. Modify wlan2 on the Port Mgr tab and set the SSID to the OSEN AP's SSID 'ABCD-1234' in this example and set the authentication to **OSEN**.



- B. In wlan2 Advanced WiFi Settings, select Advanced/802.1x, set Key Management, EAP Identity and CA Cert File.

**wlan2 (ct523-3n-f20) Configure Settings**

Port Status Information  
 Current: DOWN LINK-DOWN GRO NONE  
 Driver Info: Port Type: WIFI-STA Parent: wiphy2

Port Configurables

Standard Configuration **Advanced Configuration** Misc Configuration Custom WiFi

**Advanced WiFi Settings**

Select 'WPA2' on the Standard Configuration screen to enable Advanced/802.1x and enable Advanced/802.1x to enable most of these. Enabling 802.11u enables others.

Key Management: OSEN HESSID: 00:00:00:00:00:00  
 Pairwise Ciphers: DEFAULT Realm:  
 Group Ciphers: DEFAULT Client Cert:  
 WPA PSK:  
 EAP Methods: DEFAULT Milenage:  
 EAP Identity: osen@lanforge.com Domain:  
 EAP Anon Identity:  
 EAP Password:  
 EAP Pin:  
 Private Key:  
 CA Cert File: /home/lanforge/ota-ca.pem PAC File:  
 Network Auth: Ieee80211w: Disabled (0)

Advanced/802.1x  Enable 802.11u  HotSpot 2.0  Enable PKC

Print View Details Probe Display Scan Sync Apply OK Cancel

- C. In wlan2 Misc Configuration, set OSCP to Required.

**wlan2 (ct523-3n-f20) Configure Settings**

Port Status Information  
 Current: DOWN LINK-DOWN GRO NONE  
 Driver Info: Port Type: WIFI-STA Parent: wiphy2

Port Configurables

Standard Configuration Advanced Configuration **Misc Configuration** Custom WiFi

**More WiFi Settings**

OSCP: Required (2)  
 Freq-2.4: 0xffffffff Freq-5: 0xffffffff  
 AMPDU-Factor: OS Default AMPDU-Density: OS Default  
 Max-AMSDU: OS Default Bridge-IP: 0.0.0.0  
 X-Coordinate: 0 Y-Coordinate: 0  
 Z-Coordinate: 0

Post IF-UP Script:

Custom WPA Cfg WPA Cfg:  
 Scan Hidden  Allow Migration  IBSS Mode  
 Restart DHCP on Connect  Skip Portal on Roam  No Apply DHCP

Print View Details Probe Display Scan Sync Apply OK Cancel

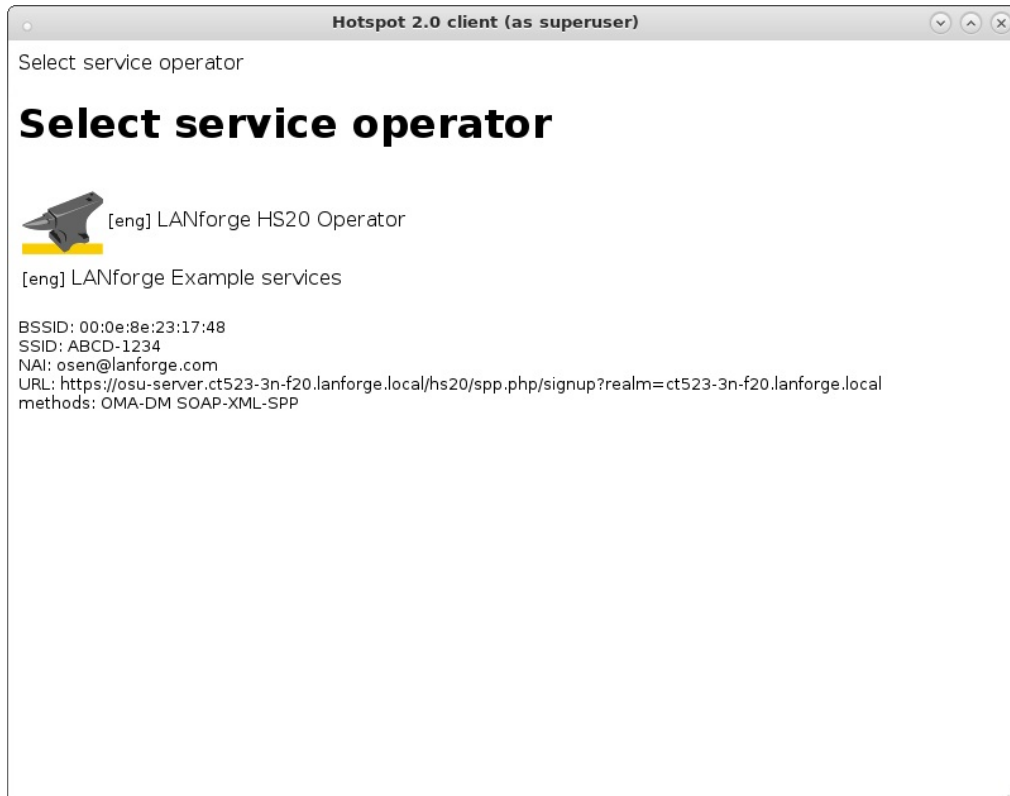
- D. Admin up wlan2 and it will associate with the OSEN AP and obtain an IP address on the OSEN AP IP network.

## 8. Initiate Online Sign-Up

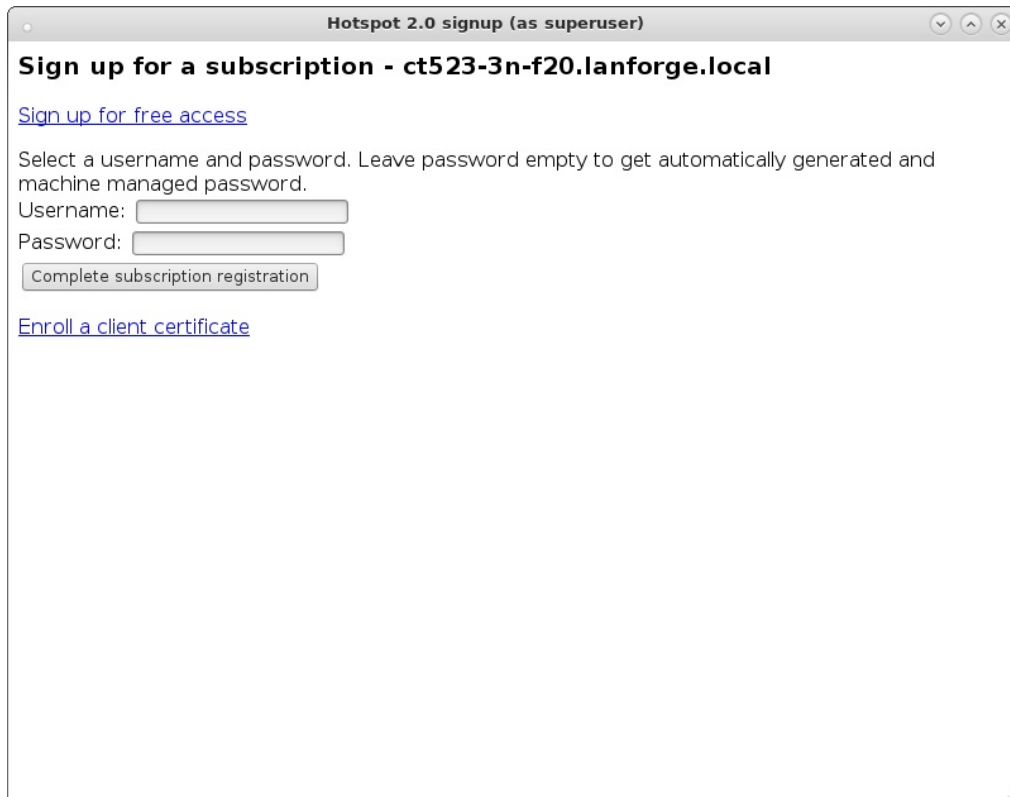
- A. Some notes about the following command: We use the LD\_PRELOAD trick to override the default DNS servers in the hs20-osu-client program. This means you need to know the DNS ahead of time, and set it with the NAMESERVER environment variable. A second DNS server could be set as NAMESERVER2. In a terminal window type the following:

```
cd /home/lanforge/wifi/osu_wlan2
LD_PRELOAD=/home/lanforge/local/lib/resolvconf-override.so NAMESERVER1=7.1.3.2 \
vrf_exec wlan2 ~lanforge/local/hs20/client/hs20-osu-client -x /home/lanforge/local/hs20/spp/spp.xsd -dd -S wlan2 signup
```

B. Select 'LANforge HS20 Operator' from the Service Provider List.



C. Select 'Sign up for free access' from the Online Sign-Up page.



D. Select the Accept button to complete the Online Sign-Up.



9. The wlan2 station will obtain an IP address on the Passpoint AP IP network and should be able to access the internet
10. If wlan2 is reset or reassociates with the OSEN AP, you will have to remove the Service Provider (SP) directory before attempting the Online Sign-Up again.

```
cd /home/lanforge/wifi/osu_wlan2  
rm -rf SP
```

11. NOTES: We found it very difficult to get all of the details correct in this example. Here are some debug notes and links to certain files that may help others or ourselves debug this in the future.
  - A. [/etc/hosts on the AP system.](#)
  - B. [/etc/hosts on the Station system.](#)
  - C. [apache\\_hs20\\_config.tar.gz configuration files.](#)
  - D. To debug pem files: `openssl x509 -in /home/lanforge/hs20/ca/signup-server.pem -text -noout`